

Section 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier : CARTER SG 220

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses

Industrial gear oil

Supplier's details : TotalEnergies Lubrifiants
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Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Avoid breathing vapor. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection.

Response : Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help. IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice.

Storage : Store locked up.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Other means of identification : Not available.

Ingredient name	%	Identifiers
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	≤3	CAS: 68411-46-1 EC: 270-128-1
2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4-[[2-[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]-2-oxoethyl]thio]-7-oxo-8-oxa-3,5-dithia-4-phosphatetradecanoate 4-oxide	<1	CAS: 83547-95-9 EC: 280-479-2
reaction mass of: triphenylthiophosphate and tertiary butylated phenyl derivatives	≤0.3	CAS: 192268-65-8

Additional information : The product is made from synthetic base oils

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide

Section 5. Firefighting measures

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Advisory OEL : Not available.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hydrocarbon-proof gloves

Fluorinated rubber

nitrile rubber

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature (20°C / 68°F) and pressure (1013 hPa) unless otherwise indicated

Appearance

Physical state

: Liquid. [limpid]

Color

: Clear.

Odor

: Characteristic.

Odor threshold

: Not available.

pH

: Not applicable.

Melting point/freezing point

: Technically not possible to measure

Pour point

: -30°C (-22°F)

Boiling point

: >316°C (>600.8°F) [EN ISO 3405]

Flash point

: Open cup: 240°C (464°F) [Cleveland Open Cup (COC)]

Evaporation rate

: Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)

: Not applicable.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits

: Lower: 0.9%
Upper: 7%

Vapor pressure

: <0.013 kPa (<0.1 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Not applicable. [50°C]

Vapor density

: >2 [Air = 1]

Relative density

: 1.093 [ISO 12185]

Density

: 1.093 g/cm³ [15°C] [ISO 12185]

Solubility(ies)

:

Media	Result
water	Very slightly soluble

Miscible with water

: No.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature

: >240°C (>464°F) [ASTM E 659]

Decomposition temperature

: Not applicable.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Viscosity	: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 220 mm ² /s (220 cSt) [ISO 3104]
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable. Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/substance	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	Test
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-	OECD 402
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-	OECD 401
2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4-[[2-[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]-2-oxoethyl]thio]-7-oxo-8-oxa-3,5-dithia-4-phosphatetradecanoate 4-oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	5.1 mg/l	4 hours	-
reaction mass of: triphenylthiophosphate and tertiary butylated phenyl derivatives	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>3000 mg/kg	-	EPA OPP 81-2 Acute Dermal Toxicity
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3313 mg/kg	-	EPA OPP 81-1 Acute Oral Toxicity
	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-	OECD 402
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-	EU B.1 Acute

Section 11. Toxicological information

					Toxicity (Oral)
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Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/substance	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Test
reaction mass of: triphenylthiophosphate and tertiary butylated phenyl derivatives	Eyes - Iris lesion	Rabbit	0	-	EU EU Method B.5
	Skin - Edema	Rabbit	0	4 hours	EU B.4 Acute Toxicity: Dermal Irritation/ corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Eyes : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product/substance	Route of exposure	Species	Result
reaction mass of: triphenylthiophosphate and tertiary butylated phenyl derivatives	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Product/substance	Test	Experiment	Result
reaction mass of: triphenylthiophosphate and tertiary butylated phenyl derivatives	OECD 471	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/substance	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
reaction mass of: triphenylthiophosphate and tertiary butylated phenyl derivatives	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	50 mg/kg	13 weeks; 7 days per week

Section 11. Toxicological information

General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/substance	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4-[[2-[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]-2-oxoethyl]thio]-7-oxo-8-oxa-3,5-dithia-4-phosphatetradecanoate 4-oxide	3313	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.1

Other information :
Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Harmful to aquatic life.

Toxicity

Product/substance	Result	Species	Exposure
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene 2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4-[[2-[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]-2-oxoethyl]thio]-7-oxo-8-oxa-3,5-dithia-4-phosphatetradecanoate 4-oxide reaction mass of: triphenylthiophosphate and tertiary butylated phenyl derivatives	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i>	72 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Danio rerio</i>	96 hours
	Acute EC50 3.1 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 12.5 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.3 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae - <i>Scenedesmus subspicatu</i>	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 5.5 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days

Persistence and degradability

Product/substance	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	OECD 301B	1 % - 28 days	-	-

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/substance	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	-	-	Not readily
2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4-[[2-[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]-2-oxoethyl]thio]-7-oxo-8-oxa-3,5-dithia-4-phosphatetradecanoate 4-oxide	-	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/substance	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	5.1	1730	High
reaction mass of: triphenylthiophosphate and tertiary butylated phenyl derivatives	4.8 to 8.8	842 to 2194	High

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Mobility in soil : Given its physical and chemical characteristics, the product generally shows low soil mobility. Loss by evaporation is limited. The product is insoluble and sinks in water.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ICAO/IATA
UN/ID No	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia inventory (AIIIC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory (DSL/NDL)	: All components are listed or exempted.
China inventory (IECSC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe inventory (EC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan inventory	: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines inventory (PICCS)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Korea inventory (KECI)	: Not determined.
Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)	: Not determined.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Thailand inventory	: Not determined.
Turkey inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Vietnam inventory	: Not determined.

The information stated in this section relates solely to the conformity of the chemical product with the countries Inventories. The information used to confirm the inventory status of this product may be based on additional data to the chemical composition shown in Section 3. Other regulations may apply for importation or marketing authorizations.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of revision	: 2024/10/25
previous revision date	: No previous validation
Version	: 1

Key to abbreviations

: ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
EC50 = Half maximal effective concentration
EL50 = median Effective Loading
IC50 = Half maximal inhibitory concentration
IDHL = Immediately dangerous to life or health
LC50 = Median lethal concentration
LD50 = Median lethal dose
LL50 = median Lethal Loading
LogKow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
N/A = Not available
NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health
NOAEL = No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration
NOEL = No Observed Effect Level
NOELR = No observed Effect Loading Rate
OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
OEL = Occupational Exposure Limit
QSAR = Quantitative Structure–Activity Relationship
REL = Recommended Exposure Limit
STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit
TLV = Threshold Limit Value
TWA = Time Weight Average
VOC = Volatile Organic Compound
UVCB Substance of unknown or Variable composition, Complex reaction products or Biological material

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2	Calculation method

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader



TotalEnergies

CARTER SG 220

SDS # : 082433

Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.